



EMCC –Ontology and Data Management

Chris Eberl, Fraunhofer Institute for Mechanics of Materials, Freiburg, Germany

and

Costas Charitidis, National Technological University, Athens, Greece

In collaboration with

E. Koumoulos, B. Boskovic, G. Goldbeck

**European Materials Characterization Council, Operational Management Board and Technical Project
Advisors**

29 June 2018



ON THE NEED FOR A DIGITAL REPRESENTATION OF MATERIALS DATA ALONG SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES

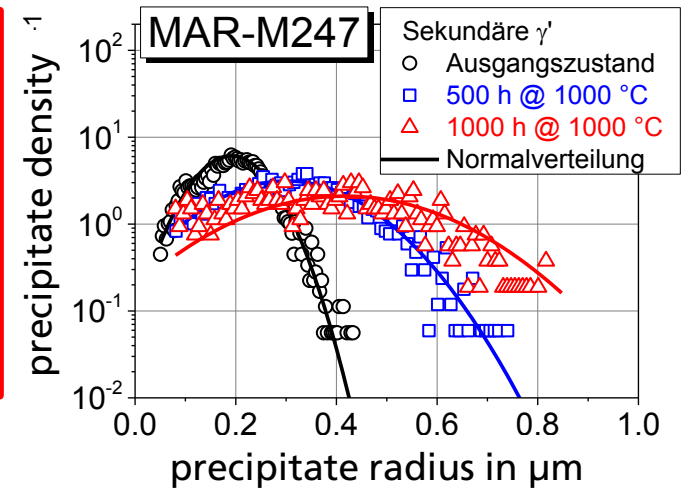
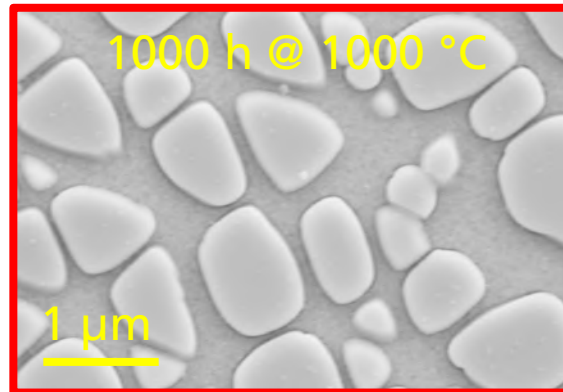
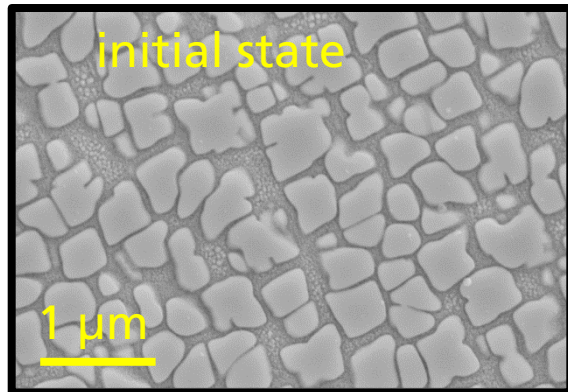
C. Schweizer, H. Oesterlin, E. Augenstein, A. Hashibon, V. Friedmann
Fraunhofer Institute for Mechanics of Materials IWM, Freiburg, Germany



Introduction and own field of work

Introduction and own field of work

Systematic investigations and quantification of the evolution of precipitates for several nickel-base superalloys



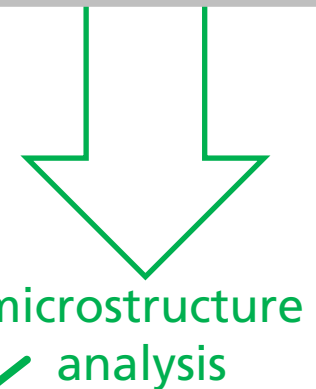
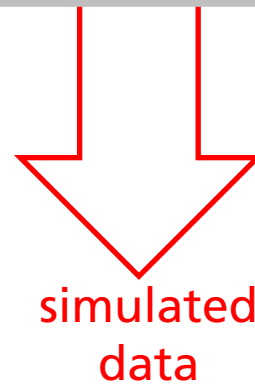
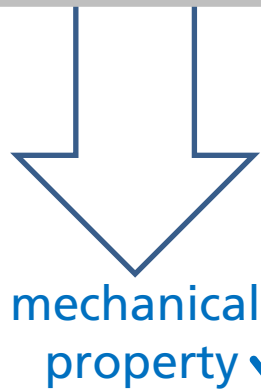
- Aging of 8 superalloys at 800, 900 and 1000 °C up to 1000 h results in 120 material states
- Investigation of microstructure evolution using SEM
- Image processing & quantification of the trimodal γ' precipitate structure
- Accompanying mechanical tests, literature research on mechanical properties and thermodynamic simulations using MatCalc 6

prior material history

chemical composition
heat treatment
specimen extraction
process conditions
specimen geometry
...

initial conditions
boundary conditions
convergence criteria
material model
model parameters
...

heat treatment
specimen extraction
specimen preparation
machine parameters
image processing
...



$$\sigma_Y = \dots + M \frac{\gamma_{APB} l_1}{2b(\lambda_1 + 2r)}$$

process-structure-property-relationship

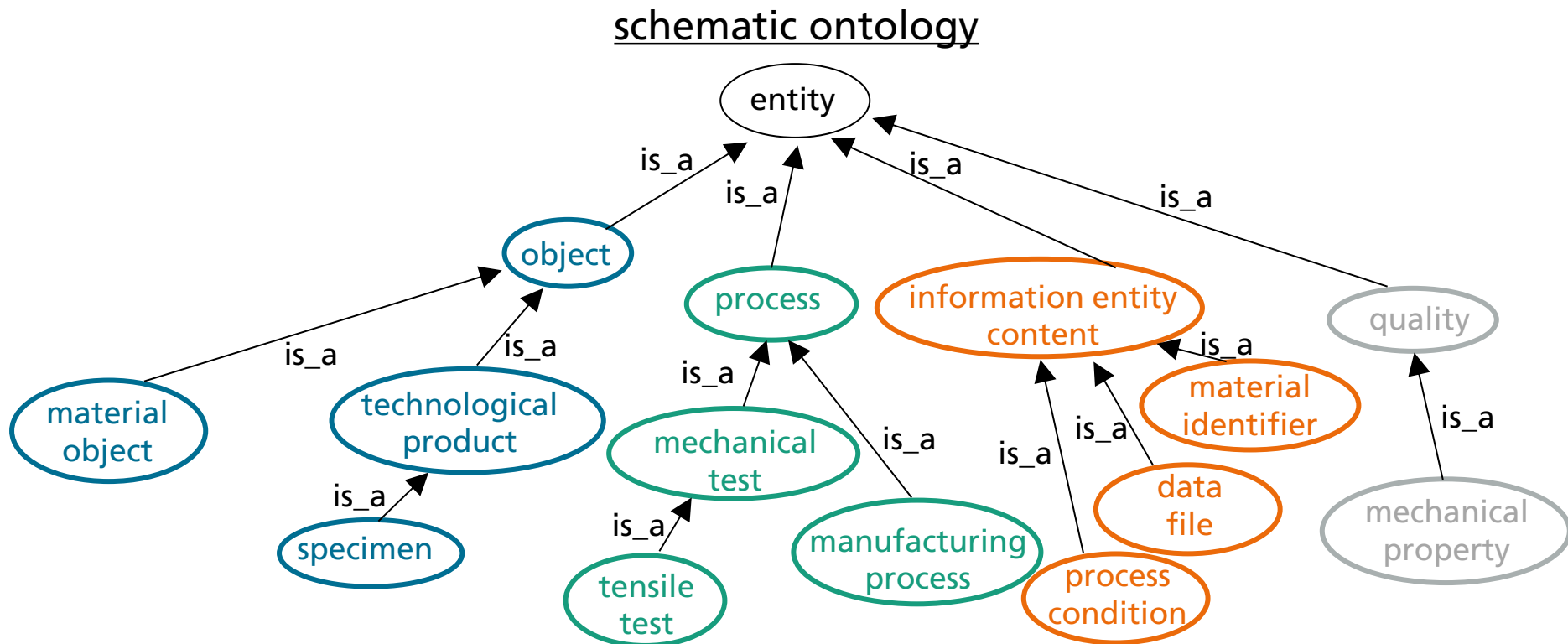
Challenges

- The material history of a single specimen does not provide all information to obtain process-structure-property relationships
- Materials data is heterogeneous and contains lots of gaps
- Automatic data analysis requires strong semantics and a concept how to manage the materials data
- Research environment: A high degree of flexibility is required because
 - workflows,
 - processes,
 - research equipment,
 - analysis tools
 - data content change on a daily basis

Directed network graph

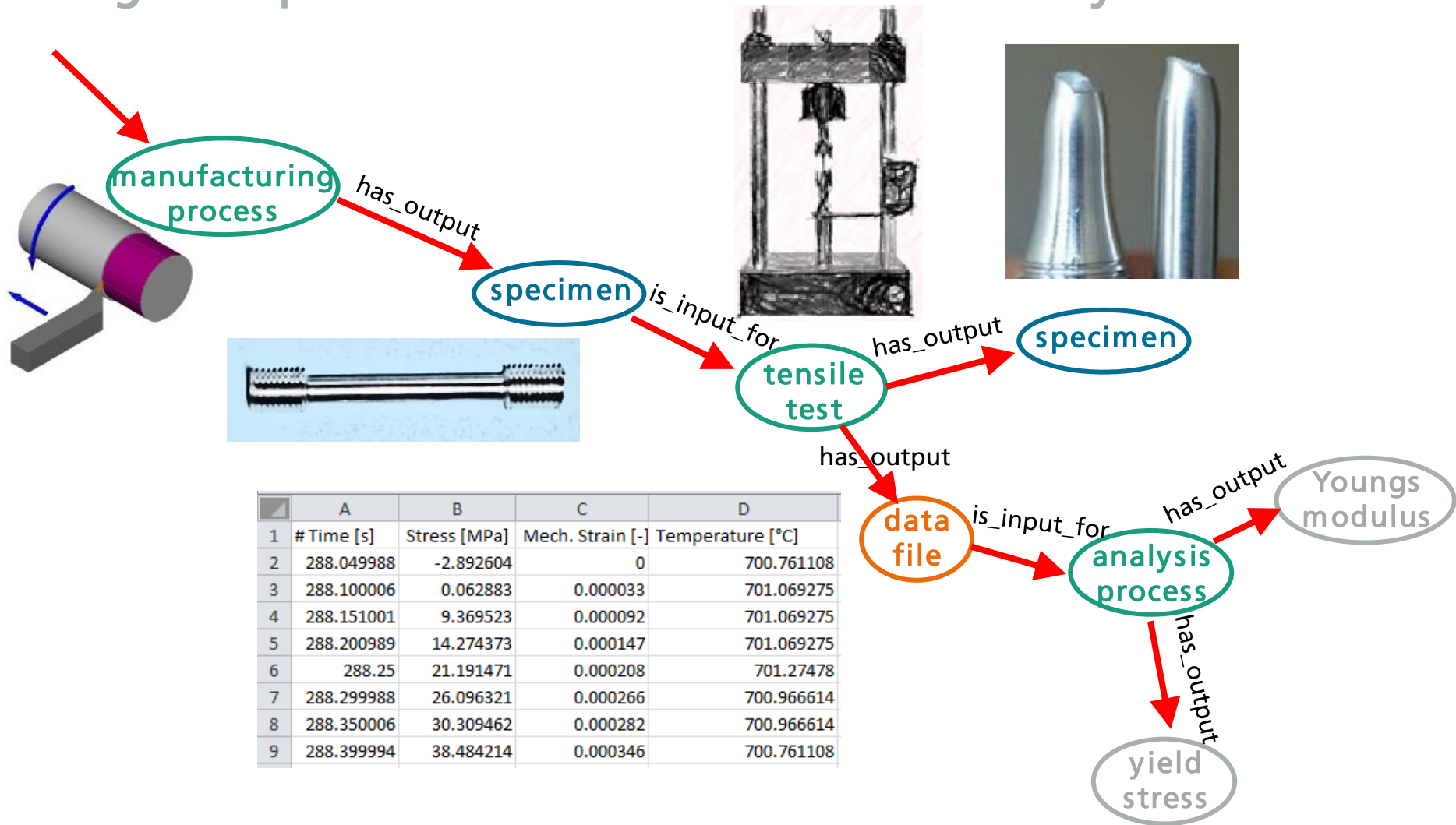
Directed network graph

How to use an ontology to manage materials data within a network graph?



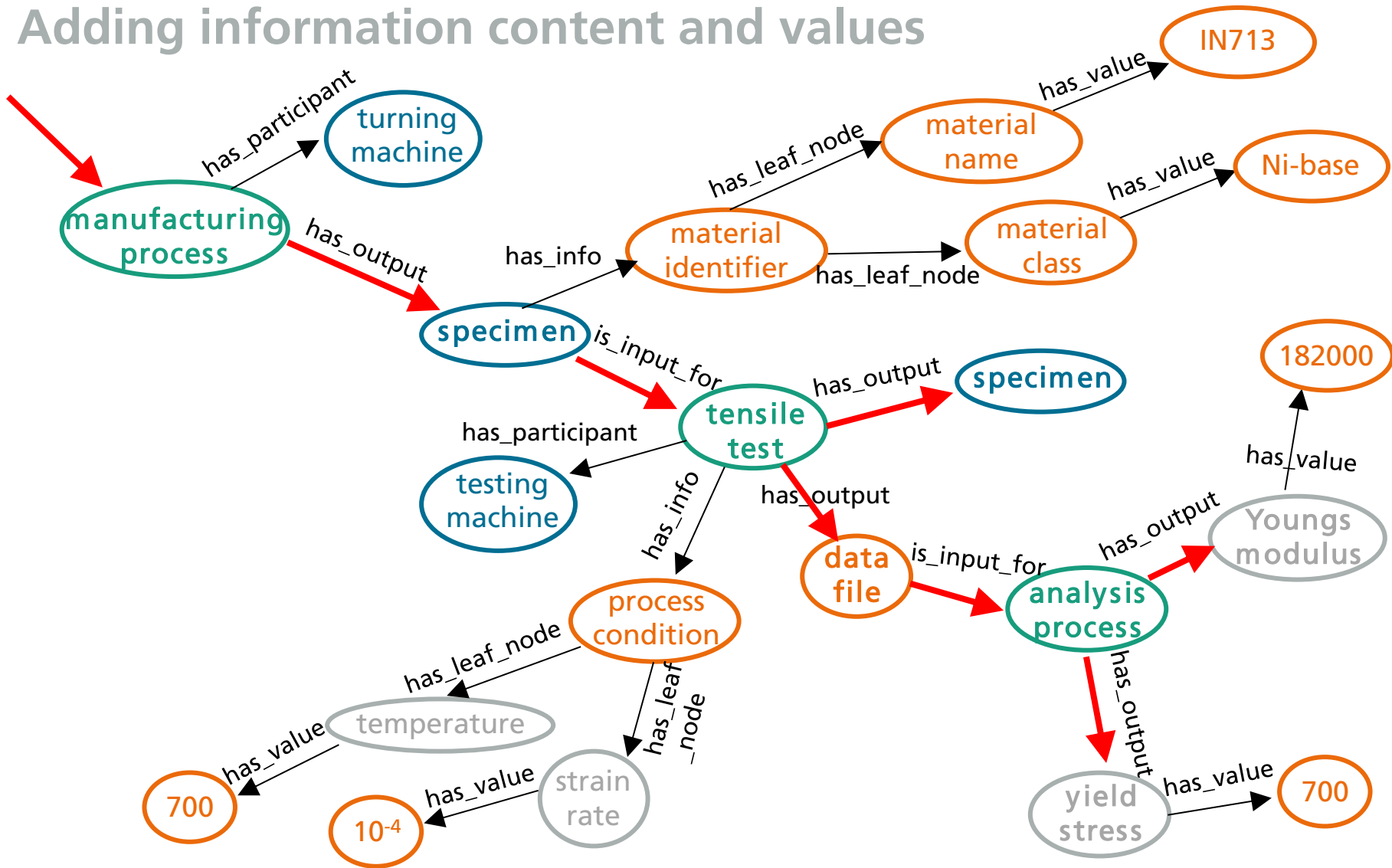
Directed network graph

Digital representation of the material history



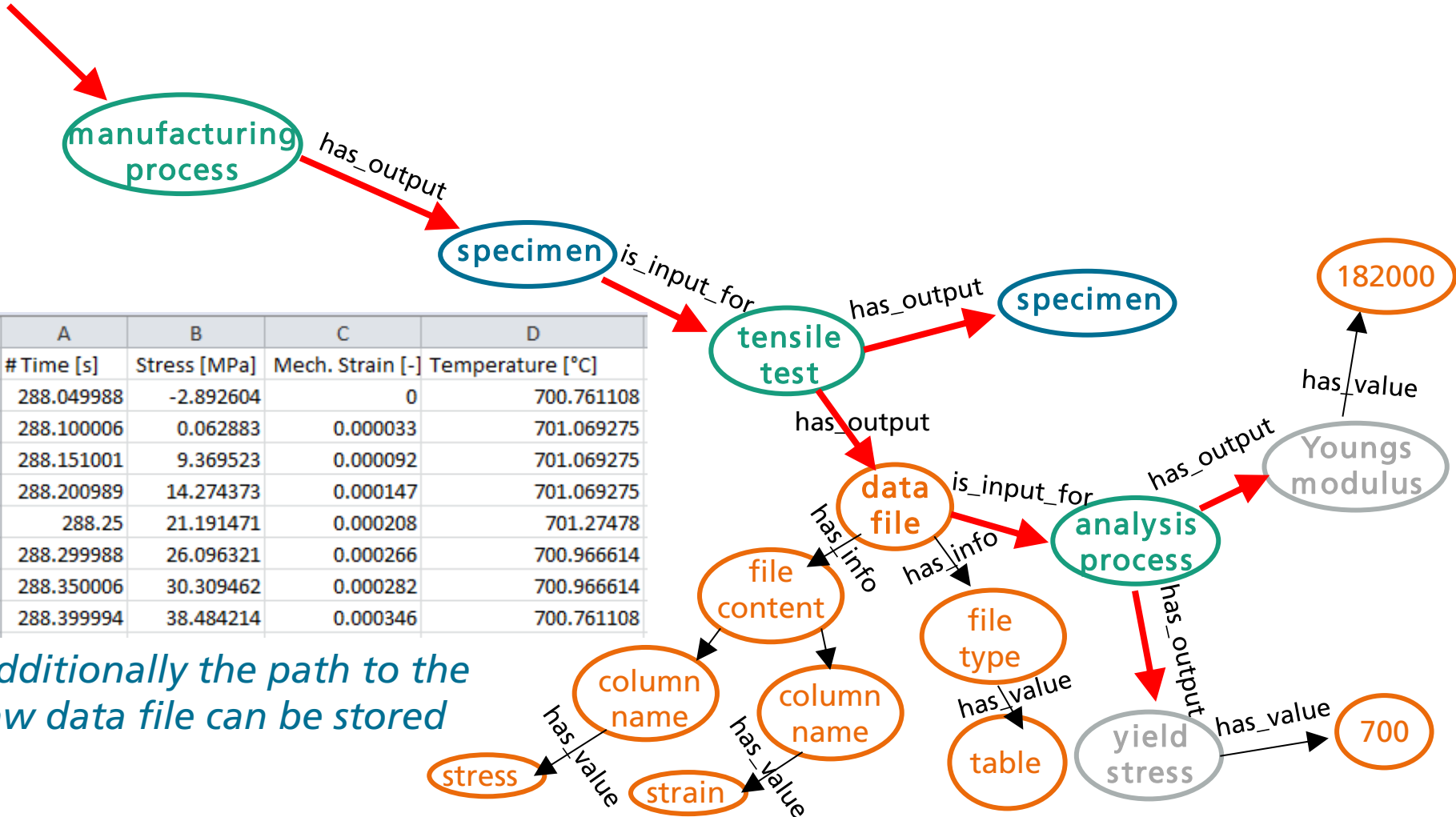
Directed network graph

Adding information content and values



Directed network graph

Treatment of raw data files and its content



Additionally the path to the raw data file can be stored

First steps towards an implementation

First steps towards an implementation

Management of the network graph

- SQL table to manage all nodes and relations from the network graph within a single table

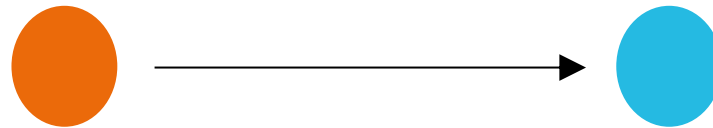


table row:

source node
(ID & type)

relation
(ID & type)

target node
(ID & type)



Filtering and finding nodes and relations
is very simple and efficient

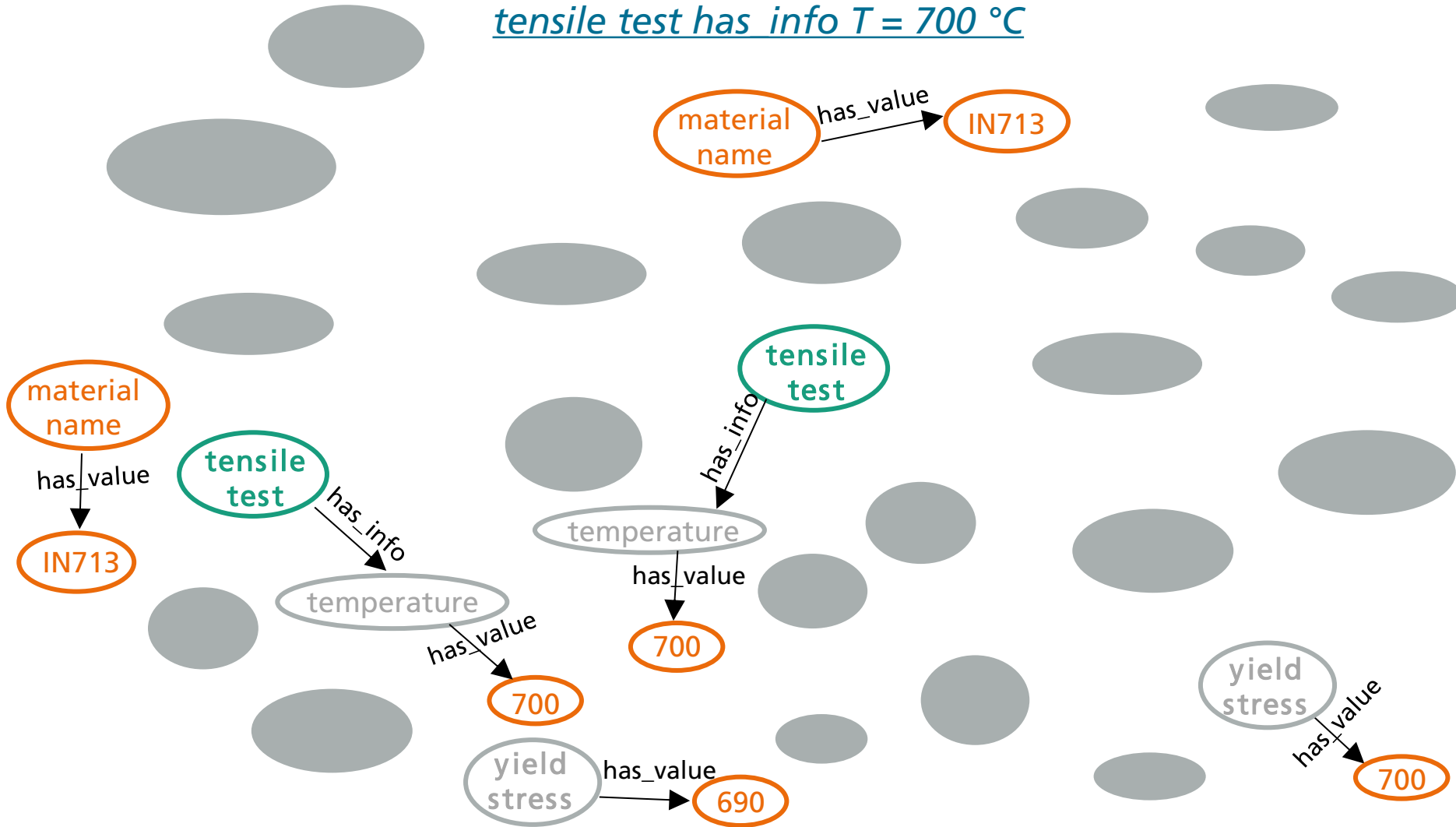
Implementation

Query:

Find all yield stress values for material name IN713;
yield stress follows tensile test;
tensile test has info $T = 700\text{ °C}$

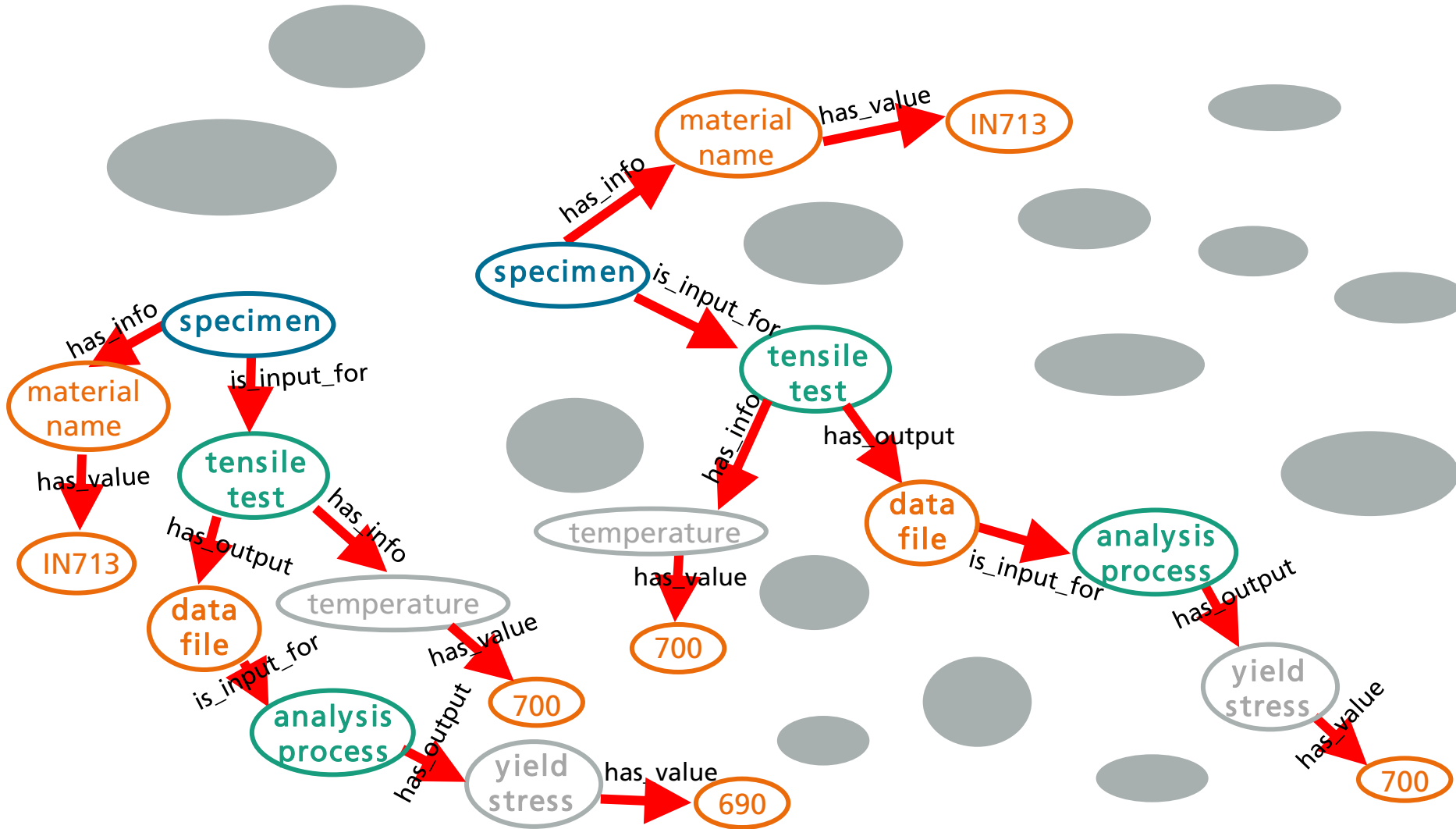
Implementation

Query: Find all yield stress values for material name IN713; yield stress follows tensile test; tensile test has info T = 700 °C



Implementation

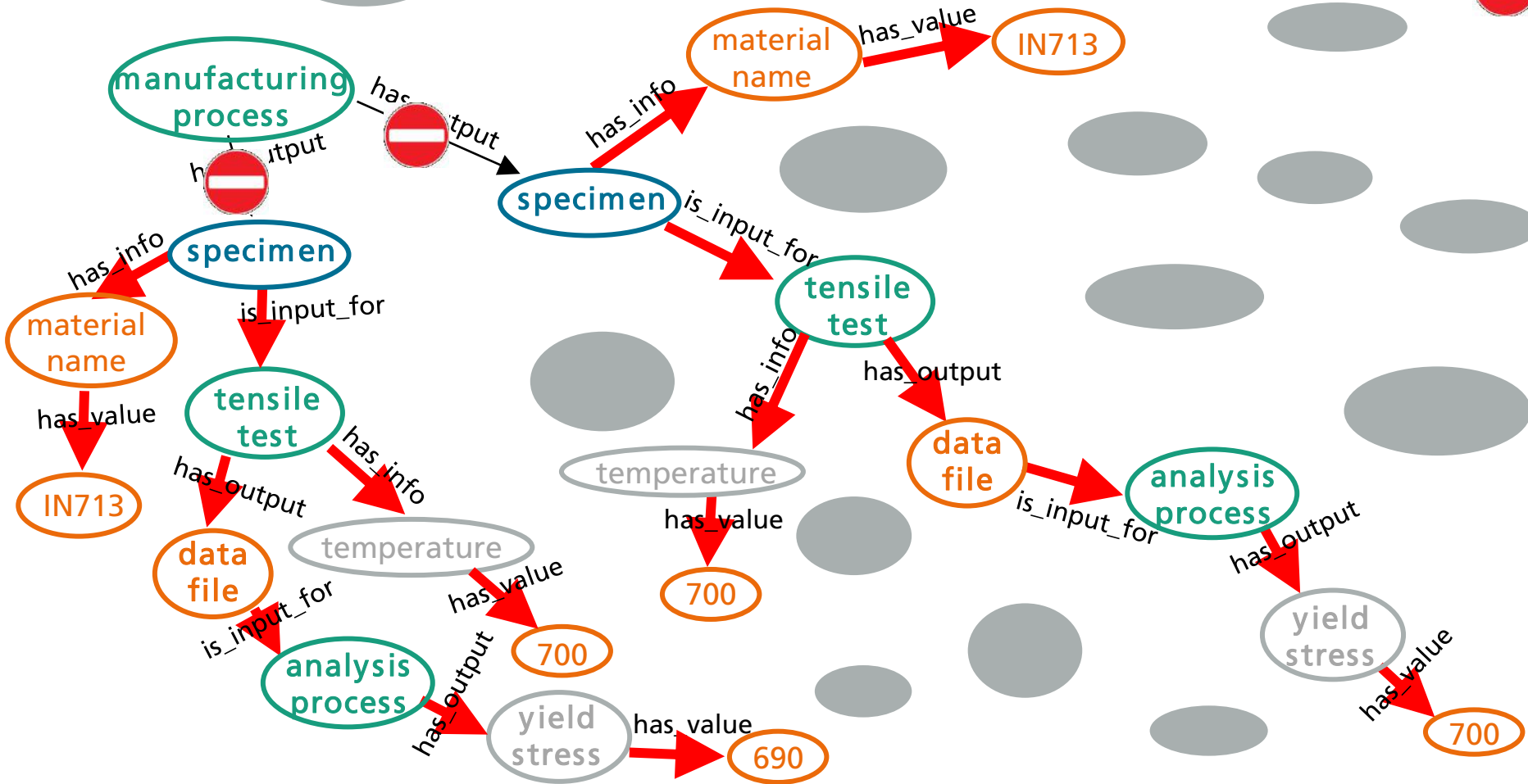
The query only delivers a hit, if the information is connected through the same branch.



Implementation

The query only delivers a hit, if the information is connected through the same branch.

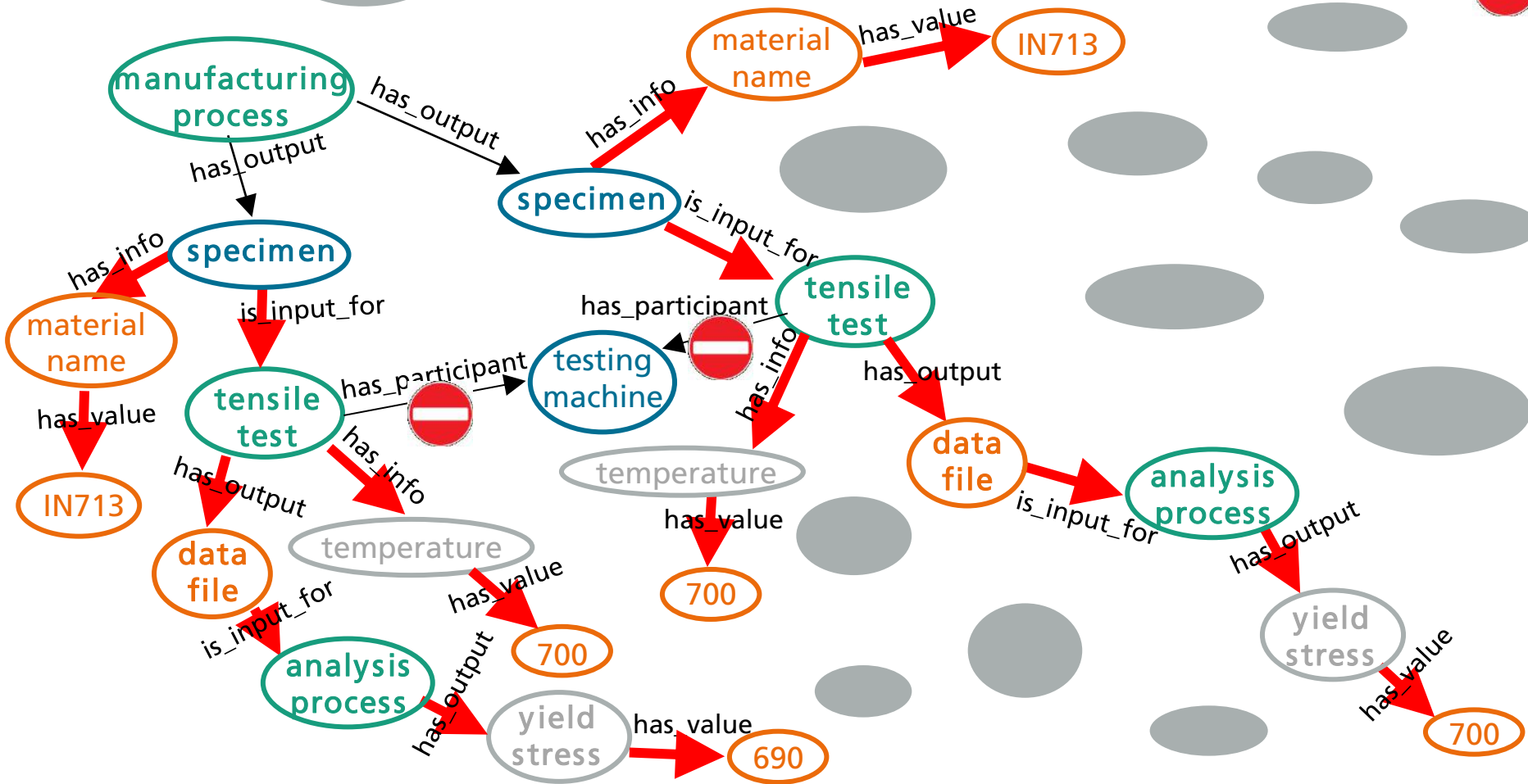
Unlogical crosslinks need to be excluded!



Implementation

The query only delivers a hit, if the information is connected through the same branch.

Unlogical crosslinks need to be excluded!



Implementation

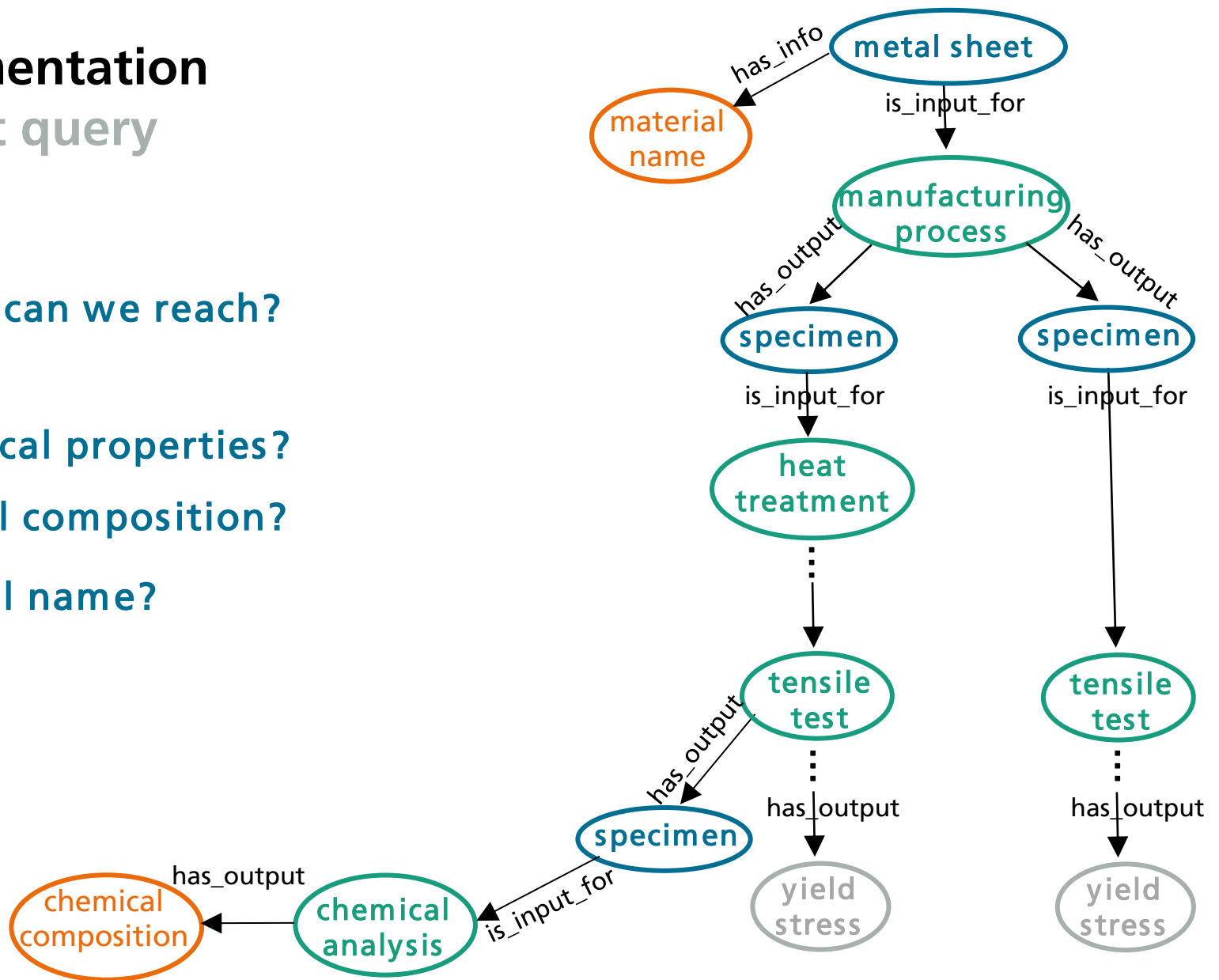
Default query

How far can we reach?

Mechanical properties?

Chemical composition?

Technical name?



First Software Implementation

First Software Implementation

Combinatorial search
through ontology

Backtracking materials history
including visualization of raw data

1. What am I looking for

Search Category

- Process
- Experiment
 - Crack Propagation Test
 - Creep Test
- Fatigue Test
 - Low Cycle Fatigue Test (LCF)
 - High Cycle Fatigue Test (HCF)
- Hardness Test
- Relaxation Test
- Tensile Test
- Calorimetry
- Laser Flash Analysis
- Pyknometry

2. With which properties?

Value	Text	Connected Object
Quantity		Unit
Youngs Modulus		MPa
Youngs Modulus (mech.)		MPa
Cyclic Youngs Modulus (mech.)		MPa
Youngs Modulus (acoustic)		MPa
Yield Strength		MPa
Upper Yield Strength		MPa
Lower Yield Strength		MPa
Rp 0.2		MPa
Rp 0.2 (Cyclic)		MPa
Rp 0.2 (Tensile Test)		MPa
Rp 0.2 (Compression Test)		MPa
Tensile Strength		MPa
Fracture Strain		%

Youngs Modulus MPa

Add Property

3. Manage desired properties

Youngs Modulus exist

Info view -

Low Cycle Fatigue Test (LCF) no. 1

Parent(s)

LCF Specimen (LCF_80_12_8_28) no. 19

Diameter in Gauge Area: 7.999 mm

Own Information

Temperature: 22.0 °C
Date: Sat Nov 26 01:00:00 2016

- Person no. 2
 - First Name: Carl
 - Last Name: Fischer
 - IWM Person Short Name: fisch
- Cyclic Strain Amplitude: 0.3 %
- Cycle Duration: 12.0 s
- Strain Rate (Axial): 0.001 1/s
- Equipment no. 2
 - Name: 8862-1
- Initial Gauge Length: 8.4227 mm
- Number of Cycles (aimed for before test): 10000.0
- Comment: Bruch außerhalb MB im oberen Radius
- Strain Ratio: -1.0

Children

Data Set no. 2

- Number of Cycles: 4191.0
- Table File: LCF_RT_03_AHH1_RTd719_261116.txt
 - Name: LCF_RT_03_AHH1_RTd719_261116
 - Table no. 1
 - Table Column: Time
 - Table Column: Force
 - Table Column: Change of Length (Delt...
 - Table Column: Stroke, absolute
 - Table Column: Change of Length (Delt...
 - Table Column: Temperature, setpoint
 - Table Column: Temperature, measured
 - Number of Header Lines in Table: 17.0
 - Delimiter: \t

LCF Specimen (LCF_80_12_8_28) no. 37

Resources

LCF_RT_03_AHH1_RTd719_261116.txt

From Child: Data Set no. 2

Table with
Columns:

- 1: Time in s
- 2: Force in kN
- 3: Change of Length (Delta), measured in µm
- 4: Stroke, absolute in mm
- 5: Change of Length (Delta), setpoint in µm
- 6: Temperature, setpoint in °C
- 7: Temperature, measured in °C

Acknowledgements

- Adham Hashibon acknowledges funding received from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme, for the EMMC-CSA project, Grant Agreement No. 723867.
- Christoph Schweizer, Eva Augenstein, Heiner Oesterlin and Valérie Friedmann acknowledge funding from



Ministerium für Wirtschaft, Arbeit
und Wohnungsbau Baden-Württemberg

within the program *Technologischer Ressourcenschutz (TRESS)*